

FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT ORDINANCE

AN ORDINANCE INTRODUCED BY THE GOVERNING BODY CREATING FLOODWAY AND FLOODWAY FRINGE DISTRICTS DEFINING THE SAME AND SETTING FORTH REGULATIONS THEREOF.

ARTICLE 1 STATUTORY AUTHORIZATION, FINDINGS OF FACT AND PURPOSES

SECTION A STATUTORY AUTHORIZATION

THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI HAS IN SECTION 79.110 RSMO DELEGATED THE RESPONSIBILITY TO LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL UNITS TO ADOPT FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS DESIGNED TO PROTECT THE HEALTH, SAFETY AND GENERAL WELFARE. THEREFORE, THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN OF THE CITY OF PORTAGE DES SIOUX, MISSOURI ORDAINS AS FOLLOWS:

SECTION B FINDINGS OF FACT

1. FLOOD LOSSES RESULTING FROM PERIODIC INUNDATION

THE FLOOD HAZARD AREAS OF THE CITY OF PORTAGE DES SIOUX, MISSOURI ARE SUBJECT TO INUNDATION WHICH RESULTS IN LOSS OF LIFE AND PROPERTY, HEALTH AND SAFETY HAZARDS, DISRUPTION OF COMMERCE AND GOVERNMENTAL SERVICES, EXTRAORDINARY PUBLIC EXPENDITURES FOR FLOOD PROTECTION AND RELIEF, AND IMPAIRMENT OF THE TAX BASE; ALL OF WHICH ADVERSELY AFFECT THE PUBLIC HEALTH, SAFETY AND GENERAL WELFARE.

2. GENERAL CAUSES OF FLOOD LOSSES

THESE FLOOD LOSSES ARE CAUSED BY (1) THE CUMULATIVE EFFECT OF DEVELOPMENT IN ANY DELINEATED FLOODPLAIN CAUSING INCREASES IN FLOOD HEIGHTS AND VELOCITIES; AND (2) THE OCCUPANCY OF FLOOD HAZARD AREAS BY USES VULNERABLE TO FLOODS, HAZARDOUS TO OTHERS, INADEQUATELY ELEVATED, OR OTHERWISE UNPROTECTED FROM FLOOD DAMAGES.

3. METHODS USED TO ANALYZE FLOOD HAZARDS

THE FLOOD INSURANCE STUDY (FIS) THAT IS THE BASIS OF THIS ORDINANCE USES A STANDARD ENGINEERING METHOD OF ANALYZING FLOOD HAZARDS WHICH CONSIST OF A SERIES OF INTERRELATED STEPS.

- A. SELECTION OF A BASE FLOOD THAT IS BASED UPON ENGINEERING CALCULATIONS WHICH PERMIT A CONSIDERATION OF SUCH FLOOD FACTORS AS ITS EXPECTED FREQUENCY OF OCCURRENCE, THE AREA INUNDATED, AND THE DEPTH OF INUNDATION. THE BASE FLOOD SELECTED FOR THIS ORDINANCE IS REPRESENTATIVE OF LARGE FLOODS WHICH ARE CHARACTERISTIC OF WHAT CAN BE EXPECTED TO OCCUR ON THE PARTICULAR STREAMS SUBJECT TO THIS ORDINANCE. IT IS THE GENERAL ORDER OF A FLOOD WHICH COULD BE EXPECTED TO HAVE A ONE PERCENT (1%) CHANCE OF OCCURRENCE IN ANY ONE YEAR, AS DELINEATED ON THE FEDERAL INSURANCE ADMINISTRATION'S FLOOD INSURANCE STUDY, AND ILLUSTRATIVE MATERIALS DATED AUGUST 2, 1996, AS AMENDED, AND ANY FUTURE REVISIONS THERETO.
- B. CALCULATION OF WATER SURFACE PROFILES ARE BASED ON A STANDARD HYDRAULIC ENGINEERING ANALYSIS OF THE CAPACITY OF THE STREAM CHANNEL AND OVERBANK AREAS TO CONVEY THE REGULATORY FLOOD.
- C. COMPUTATION OF A FLOODWAY REQUIRED TO CONVEY THIS FLOOD WITHOUT INCREASING FLOOD HEIGHTS MORE THAN ONE (1) FOOT AT ANY POINT.
- D. DELINEATION OF FLOODWAY ENCROACHMENT LINES WITHIN WHICH NO DEVELOPMENT IS PERMITTED WHICH WOULD CAUSE ANY INCREASE IN FLOOD HEIGHT.
- E. DELINEATION OF FLOOD FRINGE, I.E., THAT AREA OUTSIDE THE FLOODWAY ENCROACHMENT LINES, BUT STILL SUBJECT TO INUNDATION BY THE BASE FLOOD.

SECTION C STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

IT IS THE PURPOSE OF THIS ORDINANCE TO PROMOTE THE PUBLIC HEALTH, SAFETY, AND GENERAL WELFARE; TO MINIMIZE THOSE LOSSES DESCRIBED IN ARTICLE 1, SECTION B(1); TO ESTABLISH OR MAINTAIN THE COMMUNITY'S ELIGIBILITY FOR PARTICIPATION IN THE NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM (NFIP) AS DEFINED IN 44 CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS (CFR) 59.22(A)(3); AND TO MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF 44 CFR 60.3(D) BY APPLYING THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ORDINANCE TO:

- 1. RESTRICT OR PROHIBIT USES THAT ARE DANGEROUS TO HEALTH, SAFETY, OR PROPERTY IN TIMES OF FLOODING OR CAUSE UNDUE INCREASES IN FLOOD HEIGHTS OR VELOCITIES.

- 2. REQUIRE USES VULNERABLE TO FLOODS, INCLUDING PUBLIC FACILITIES WHICH SERVE SUCH USES, BE PROVIDED FLOOD PROTECTION AT THE TIME OF INITIAL CONSTRUCTION.
- 3. PROTECT INDIVIDUALS FROM BUYING LANDS THAT ARE UNSUITED FOR THE INTENDED DEVELOPMENT PURPOSES DUE TO THE FLOOD HAZARD.

ARTICLE 2 GENERAL PROVISIONS

SECTION A LANDS TO WHICH ORDINANCE APPLIES

THIS ORDINANCE SHALL APPLY TO ALL LANDS WITHIN THE JURISDICTION OF THE CITY OF PORTAGE DES SIOUX, MISSOURI, IDENTIFIED AS NUMBERED AND UNNUMBERED A ZONES AND AE ZONES, ON THE FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP (FIRM) AND FLOOD BOUNDARY AND FLOODWAY MAP (FBFM) DATED AUGUST 2, 1996, AS AMENDED, AND ANY FUTURE REVISIONS THERETO. IN ALL AREAS COVERED BY THIS ORDINANCE, NO DEVELOPMENT SHALL BE PERMITTED EXCEPT THROUGH THE ISSUANCE OF A FLOODPLAIN DEVELOPMENT PERMIT, GRANTED BY THE FLOODPLAIN ADMINISTRATOR OF THE CITY OF PORTAGE DES SIOUX, OR ITS DULY DESIGNATED REPRESENTATIVE, UNDER SUCH SAFEGUARDS AND RESTRICTIONS AS THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN, OR THE DESIGNATED REPRESENTATIVE MAY REASONABLY IMPOSE FOR THE PROMOTION AND MAINTENANCE OF THE GENERAL WELFARE, HEALTH OF THE INHABITANTS OF THE COMMUNITY, AND AS SPECIFICALLY NOTED IN ARTICLE 4.

SECTION B FLOODPLAIN ADMINISTRATOR

THE FLOODPLAIN CONTROL OFFICER OF THE COMMUNITY IS HEREBY DESIGNATED AS THE FLOODPLAIN ADMINISTRATOR UNDER THIS ORDINANCE.

SECTION C COMPLIANCE

NO DEVELOPMENT LOCATED WITHIN THE SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS OF THIS COMMUNITY SHALL BE LOCATED, EXTENDED, CONVERTED OR STRUCTURALLY ALTERED WITHOUT FULL COMPLIANCE WITH THE TERMS OF THIS ORDINANCE AND OTHER APPLICABLE REGULATIONS.

SECTION D ABROGATION AND GREATER RESTRICTIONS

IT IS NOT INTENDED BY THIS ORDINANCE TO REPEAL, ABROGATE OR IMPAIR ANY EXISTING EASEMENTS, COVENANTS, OR DEED RESTRICTIONS. HOWEVER, WHERE THIS ORDINANCE IMPOSES GREATER RESTRICTIONS, THE PROVISION OF THIS ORDINANCE SHALL PREVAIL. ALL OTHER ORDINANCES INCONSISTENT WITH THIS ORDINANCE ARE HEREBY REPEALED TO THE EXTENT OF THE INCONSISTENCY ONLY.

SECTION E INTERPRETATION

IN THEIR INTERPRETATION AND APPLICATION, THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ORDINANCE SHALL BE HELD TO BE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS, SHALL BE LIBERALLY CONSTRUED IN FAVOR OF THE GOVERNING BODY, AND SHALL NOT BE DEEMED A LIMITATION OR REPEAL, OF ANY OTHER POWERS GRANTED BY STATE STATUTES.

SECTION F WARNING AND DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY

THE DEGREE OF FLOOD PROTECTION REQUIRED BY THIS ORDINANCE IS CONSIDERED REASONABLE FOR REGULATORY PURPOSES AND IS BASED ON ENGINEERING AND SCIENTIFIC METHODS OF STUDY. LARGER FLOODS MAY OCCUR ON RARE OCCASIONS OR THE FLOOD HEIGHTS MAY BE INCREASED BY MAN-MADE OR NATURAL CAUSES, SUCH AS ICE JAMS AND BRIDGE OPENINGS RESTRICTED BY DEBRIS. THIS ORDINANCE DOES NOT IMPLY THAT AREAS OUTSIDE THE FLOODWAY AND FLOOD FRINGE OR LAND USES PERMITTED WITHIN SUCH AREAS WILL BE FREE FROM FLOODING OR FLOOD DAMAGE. THIS ORDINANCE SHALL NOT CREATE A LIABILITY ON THE PART OF THE CITY OF PORTAGE DES SIOUX, MISSOURI, ANY OFFICER OR EMPLOYEE THEREOF, FOR ANY FLOOD DAMAGES THAT MAY RESULT FROM RELIANCE ON THIS ORDINANCE OR ANY ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION LAWFULLY MADE THEREUNDER.

SECTION G SEVERABILITY

IF ANY SECTION, CLAUSE, PROVISION OR PORTION OF THIS ORDINANCE IS ADJUDGED UNCONSTITUTIONAL OR INVALID BY A COURT OF APPROPRIATE JURISDICTION, THE REMAINDER OF THIS ORDINANCE SHALL NOT BE AFFECTED THEREBY.

ARTICLE 3 ADMINISTRATION

SECTION A FLOODPLAIN DEVELOPMENT PERMIT

A FLOODPLAIN DEVELOPMENT PERMIT SHALL BE REQUIRED FOR ALL PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION OR OTHER DEVELOPMENT, INCLUDING THE PLACEMENT OF MANUFACTURED HOMES, IN THE AREAS DESCRIBED IN ARTICLE 2, SECTION A. NO PERSON, FIRM, CORPORATION, OR UNIT OF GOVERNMENT SHALL INITIATE ANY DEVELOPMENT OR SUBSTANTIAL IMPROVEMENT OR CAUSE THE SAME TO BE DONE WITHOUT FIRST OBTAINING A SEPARATE FLOODPLAIN DEVELOPMENT PERMIT FOR EACH STRUCTURE OR OTHER DEVELOPMENT.

SECTION B DESIGNATION OF FLOODPLAIN ADMINISTRATOR

THE FLOODPLAIN CONTROL OFFICER IS HEREBY APPOINTED TO ADMINISTER AND IMPLEMENT THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ORDINANCE.

SECTION C DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF CONTROL OFFICER

DUTIES OF THE FLOODPLAIN CONTROL OFFICER SHALL INCLUDE, BUT NOT BE LIMITED TO:

1. REVIEW ALL APPLICATIONS FOR FLOODPLAIN DEVELOPMENT PERMITS TO ASSURE THAT SITES ARE REASONABLY SAFE FROM FLOODING AND THAT THE FLOODPLAIN DEVELOPMENT PERMIT REQUIREMENTS OF THIS ORDINANCE HAVE BEEN SATISFIED;
2. REVIEW OF ALL APPLICATIONS FOR FLOODPLAIN DEVELOPMENT PERMITS FOR PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT TO ASSURE THAT ALL NECESSARY PERMITS HAVE BEEN OBTAINED FROM FEDERAL, STATE OR LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES FROM WHICH PRIOR APPROVAL IS REQUIRED BY FEDERAL, STATE OR LOCAL LAW;
3. REVIEW ALL SUBDIVISION PROPOSALS AND OTHER PROPOSED NEW DEVELOPMENT, INCLUDING MANUFACTURED HOME PARKS OR SUBDIVISIONS, TO DETERMINE WHETHER SUCH PROPOSALS WILL BE REASONABLY SAFE FROM FLOODING;
4. ISSUE FLOODPLAIN DEVELOPMENT PERMITS FOR ALL APPROVED APPLICATIONS;
5. NOTIFY ADJACENT COMMUNITIES AND THE STATE EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY PRIOR TO ANY ALTERATION OR RELOCATION OF A WATERCOURSE, AND SUBMIT EVIDENCE OF SUCH NOTIFICATION TO THE FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY (FEMA);
6. ASSURE THAT MAINTENANCE IS PROVIDED WITHIN THE ALTERED OR RELOCATED PORTION OF ANY WATERCOURSE SO THAT THE FLOOD-CARRYING CAPACITY IS NOT DIMINISHED; AND
7. VERIFY AND MAINTAIN A RECORD OF THE ACTUAL ELEVATION (IN RELATION TO MEAN SEA LEVEL) OF THE LOWEST FLOOR, INCLUDING BASEMENT, OF ALL NEW OR SUBSTANTIALLY IMPROVED STRUCTURES;
8. VERIFY AND MAINTAIN A RECORD OF THE ACTUAL ELEVATION (IN RELATION TO MEAN SEA LEVEL) THAT THE NEW OR SUBSTANTIALLY IMPROVED NON-RESIDENTIAL STRUCTURES HAVE BEEN FLOODPROOFED;
9. WHEN FLOODPROOFING TECHNIQUES ARE UTILIZED FOR A PARTICULAR NON-RESIDENTIAL STRUCTURE, THE FLOODPLAIN CONTROL OFFICER SHALL REQUIRE CERTIFICATION FROM A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER OR ARCHITECT.

SECTION D APPLICATION FOR FLOODPLAIN DEVELOPMENT PERMIT

TO OBTAIN A FLOODPLAIN DEVELOPMENT PERMIT, THE APPLICANT SHALL FIRST FILE AN APPLICATION IN WRITING ON A FORM FURNISHED FOR THAT PURPOSE. EVERY FLOODPLAIN DEVELOPMENT PERMIT APPLICATION SHALL:

1. DESCRIBE THE LAND ON WHICH THE PROPOSED WORK IS TO BE DONE BY LOT, BLOCK AND TRACT, HOUSE AND STREET ADDRESS, OR SIMILAR DESCRIPTION THAT WILL READILY IDENTIFY AND SPECIFICALLY LOCATE THE PROPOSED STRUCTURE OR WORK;
2. IDENTIFY AND DESCRIBE THE WORK TO BE COVERED BY THE FLOODPLAIN DEVELOPMENT PERMIT;
3. INDICATE THE USE OR OCCUPANCY FOR WHICH THE PROPOSED WORK IS INTENDED;
4. INDICATE THE ASSESSED VALUE OF THE STRUCTURE AND THE FAIR MARKET VALUE OF THE IMPROVEMENT;
5. SPECIFY WHETHER DEVELOPMENT IS LOCATED IN DESIGNATED FLOOD FRINGE OR FLOODWAY;
6. IDENTIFY THE EXISTING BASE FLOOD ELEVATION AND THE ELEVATION OF THE PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT;
7. GIVE SUCH OTHER INFORMATION AS REASONABLY MAY BE REQUIRED BY THE FLOODPLAIN CONTROL OFFICER;
8. BE ACCOMPANIED BY PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION; AND
9. BE SIGNED BY THE PERMITTEE OR HIS AUTHORIZED AGENT WHO MAY BE REQUIRED TO SUBMIT EVIDENCE TO INDICATE SUCH AUTHORITY.

ARTICLE 4 PROVISIONS FOR FLOOD HAZARD REDUCTION

SECTION A GENERAL STANDARDS

1. NO PERMIT FOR FLOODPLAIN DEVELOPMENT SHALL BE GRANTED FOR NEW CONSTRUCTION, SUBSTANTIAL IMPROVEMENTS, AND OTHER IMPROVEMENTS, INCLUDING THE PLACEMENT OF MANUFACTURED HOMES, WITHIN ANY NUMBERED OR UNNUMBERED A ZONES, AE, AO, AND AH ZONES, UNLESS THE CONDITIONS OF THIS SECTION ARE SATISFIED.

2. ALL AREAS IDENTIFIED AS UNNUMBERED A ZONES ON THE FIRM ARE SUBJECT TO INUNDATION OF THE ONE HUNDRED (100) YEAR FLOOD; HOWEVER, THE BASE FLOOD ELEVATION IS NOT PROVIDED. DEVELOPMENT WITHIN UNNUMBERED A ZONES IS SUBJECT TO ALL PROVISIONS OF THIS ORDINANCE. IF FLOOD INSURANCE STUDY DATA IS NOT AVAILABLE THE COMMUNITY SHALL OBTAIN, REVIEW, AND REASONABLY UTILIZE ANY BASE FLOOD ELEVATION OR FLOODWAY DATA CURRENTLY AVAILABLE FROM FEDERAL, STATE OR OTHER SOURCES.
3. UNTIL A FLOODWAY IS DESIGNATED, NO NEW CONSTRUCTION, SUBSTANTIAL IMPROVEMENTS, OR OTHER DEVELOPMENT, INCLUDING FILL, SHALL BE PERMITTED WITHIN ANY UNNUMBERED OR NUMBERED A ZONES, OR AE ZONES ON THE FIRM, UNLESS IT IS DEMONSTRATED THAT THE CUMULATIVE EFFECT OF THE PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT, WHEN COMBINED WITH ALL OTHER EXISTING AND ANTICIPATED DEVELOPMENT, WILL NOT INCREASE THE WATER SURFACE ELEVATION OF THE BASE FLOOD MORE THAN ONE (1) FOOT AT ANY POINT WITHIN THE COMMUNITY.
4. ALL NEW CONSTRUCTION, SUBDIVISION PROPOSALS, SUBSTANTIAL IMPROVEMENTS, PREFABRICATED STRUCTURES, PLACEMENT OF MANUFACTURED HOMES, AND OTHER DEVELOPMENTS SHALL REQUIRE:
 - A. DESIGN OR ADEQUATE ANCHORAGE TO PREVENT FLOATATION, COLLAPSE OR LATERAL MOVEMENT OF THE STRUCTURE RESULTING FROM HYDRODYNAMIC AND HYDROSTATIC LOADS, INCLUDING THE AFFECTS OF BUOYANCY;
 - B. CONSTRUCTION WITH MATERIALS RESISTANT TO FLOOD DAMAGE;
 - C. UTILIZATION OF METHODS AND PRACTICES THAT MINIMIZE FLOOD DAMAGES;
 - D. ALL ELECTRICAL, HEATING , VENTILATION, PLUMBING, AIR-CONDITIONING EQUIPMENT AND OTHER SERVICE FACILITIES BE DESIGNED AND/OR LOCATED SO AS TO PREVENT WATER FROM ENTERING OR ACCUMULATING WITHIN THE COMPONENTS DURING CONDITIONS OF FLOODING;
 - E. NEW OR REPLACEMENT WATER SUPPLY SYSTEMS AND/OR SANITARY SEWAGE SYSTEMS BE DESIGNED TO MINIMIZE OR ELIMINATE INFILTRATION OF FLOOD WATERS INTO THE SYSTEMS AND DISCHARGES FROM THE SYSTEMS INTO FLOOD WATERS, AND ON SITE WASTE DISPOSAL SYSTEMS BE LOCATED SO AS TO AVOID IMPAIRMENT OR CONTAMINATION; AND

F. SUBDIVISION PROPOSALS AND OTHER PROPOSED NEW DEVELOPMENT, INCLUDING MANUFACTURED HOME PARKS OR SUBDIVISIONS, LOCATED WITHIN SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS ARE REQUIRED TO ASSURE THAT:

- (1) ALL SUCH PROPOSALS ARE CONSISTENT WITH THE NEED TO MINIMIZE FLOOD DAMAGE;
- (2) ALL PUBLIC UTILITIES AND FACILITIES, SUCH AS SEWER, GAS, ELECTRICAL, AND WATER SYSTEMS ARE LOCATED AND CONSTRUCTED TO MINIMIZE OR ELIMINATE FLOOD DAMAGE;
- (3) ADEQUATE DRAINAGE IS PROVIDED SO AS TO REDUCE EXPOSURE TO FLOOD HAZARDS; AND
- (4) ALL PROPOSALS FOR DEVELOPMENT, INCLUDING PROPOSALS FOR MANUFACTURED HOME PARKS AND SUBDIVISIONS, OF FIVE (5) ACRES OR FIFTY (50) LOTS, WHICHEVER IS LESSER, INCLUDE WITHIN SUCH PROPOSALS BASE FLOOD ELEVATION DATA.

5. STORAGE, MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT

A. THE STORAGE OR PROCESSING OF MATERIALS WITHIN THE SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA THAT ARE IN TIME OF FLOODING BUOYANT, FLAMMABLE, EXPLOSIVE, OR COULD BE INJURIOUS TO HUMAN, ANIMAL OR PLANT LIFE IS PROHIBITED.

B. STORAGE OF OTHER MATERIAL OR EQUIPMENT MAY BE ALLOWED IF NOT SUBJECT TO MAJOR DAMAGE BY FLOODS, IF FIRMLY ANCHORED TO PREVENT FLOTATION OR IF READILY REMOVABLE FROM THE AREA WITHIN THE TIME AVAILABLE AFTER FLOOD WARNING.

6. AGRICULTURAL STRUCTURES

STRUCTURES USED SOLELY FOR AGRICULTURAL PURPOSES IN CONNECTION WITH THE PRODUCTION, HARVESTING, STORAGE, DRYING, OR RAISING OF AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES, INCLUDING THE RAISING OF LIVESTOCK, MAY BE CONSTRUCTED AT GRADE AND WET FLOODPROOFED PROVIDED THERE IS NO HUMAN HABITATION OR OCCUPANCY OF THE STRUCTURE; THE STRUCTURE IS OF SINGLE WALL DESIGN; THERE IS NO PERMANENT RETAIL, WHOLESALE, OR MANUFACTURING USE INCLUDED IN THE STRUCTURE; A VARIANCE HAS BEEN GRANTED FROM THE FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS OF THIS ORDINANCE; AND A FLOODPLAIN DEVELOPMENT PERMIT HAS BEEN

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7. ACCESSORY STRUCTURES

STRUCTURES USED SOLELY FOR PARKING AND LIMITED STORAGE PURPOSES, NOT ATTACHED TO ANY OTHER STRUCTURE ON THE SITE, OF LIMITED INVESTMENT VALUE, AND NOT LARGER THAN 400 SQUARE FEET MAY BE CONSTRUCTED AT GRADE AND WET-FLOODPROOFED PROVIDED THERE IS NO HUMAN HABITATION OR OCCUPANCY OF THE STRUCTURE; A VARIANCE HAS BEEN GRANTED FROM THE STANDARD FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS OF THIS ORDINANCE; AND A FLOODPLAIN DEVELOPMENT PERMIT HAS BEEN ISSUED.

SECTION B SPECIFIC STANDARDS

1. IN ALL AREAS IDENTIFIED AS NUMBERED AND UNNUMBERED A ZONES, AE, AND AH ZONES, WHERE BASE FLOOD ELEVATION DATA HAVE BEEN PROVIDED, AS SET FORTH IN ARTICLE 4, SECTION A(2), THE FOLLOWING PROVISIONS ARE REQUIRED:

A. RESIDENTIAL CONSTRUCTION

NEW CONSTRUCTION OR SUBSTANTIAL IMPROVEMENT OF ANY RESIDENTIAL STRUCTURES, INCLUDING MANUFACTURED HOMES, SHALL HAVE THE LOWEST FLOOR, INCLUDING BASEMENT, ELEVATED TO 441 FEET ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL.

B. NON-RESIDENTIAL CONSTRUCTION

NEW CONSTRUCTION OR SUBSTANTIAL IMPROVEMENT OF ANY COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL, OR OTHER NON-RESIDENTIAL STRUCTURES, INCLUDING MANUFACTURED HOMES, SHALL HAVE THE LOWEST FLOOR, INCLUDING BASEMENT, ELEVATED TO 441 FEET ABOVE MEAN SEAL LEVEL OR, TOGETHER WITH ATTENDANT UTILITY AND SANITARY FACILITIES, BE FLOODPROOFED SO THAT BELOW BASE FLOOD ELEVATION THE STRUCTURE IS WATERTIGHT WITH WALLS SUBSTANTIALLY IMPERMEABLE TO THE PASSAGE OF WATER AND WITH STRUCTURAL COMPONENTS HAVING THE CAPABILITY OF RESISTING HYDROSTATIC AND HYDRODYNAMIC LOADS AND AFFECTS OF BUOYANCY. A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER OR ARCHITECT SHALL CERTIFY THAT THE STANDARDS OF THIS SUBSECTION ARE SATISFIED. SUCH CERTIFICATION SHALL BE PROVIDED TO THE FLOODPLAIN ADMINISTRATOR AS SET FORTH IN ARTICLE 3, SECTION C(9).

C. REQUIRE, FOR ALL NEW CONSTRUCTION AND SUBSTANTIAL IMPROVEMENTS, THAT FULLY ENCLOSED AREAS BELOW LOWEST FLOOR BE USED SOLELY FOR PARKING OF VEHICLES, BUILDING ACCESS, OR STORAGE IN A AREA OTHER THAN A BASEMENT AND THAT ARE SUBJECT TO FLOODING SHALL BE DESIGNED TO AUTOMATICALLY EQUALIZE HYDROSTATIC FLOOD FORCES ON EXTERIOR WALLS BY ALLOWING FOR THE ENTRY AND EXIT OF FLOODWATERS. DESIGNS FOR MEETING THIS REQUIREMENT MUST EITHER BE CERTIFIED BY A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER OR ARCHITECT OR MEET OR EXCEED THE FOLLOWING MINIMUM CRITERIA:

(1) A MINIMUM OF TWO OPENINGS HAVING A TOTAL NET AREA OF NOT LESS THAN ONE (1) SQUARE INCH FOR EVERY SQUARE FOOT OF ENCLOSED AREA SUBJECT TO FLOODING SHALL BE PROVIDED; AND

(2) THE BOTTOM OF ALL OPENINGS SHALL BE NOT HIGHER THAN ONE (1) FOOT ABOVE GRADE. OPENINGS MAY BE EQUIPPED WITH SCREENS, LOUVERS, VALVES, OR OTHER COVERINGS OR DEVICES PROVIDED THAT THEY PERMIT THE AUTOMATIC ENTRY AND EXIT OF FLOODWATERS.

SECTION C MANUFACTURED HOMES

1. ALL MANUFACTURED HOMES TO BE PLACED WITHIN ALL UNNUMBERED AND NUMBERED A ZONES, AE, AND AH ZONES, ON THE COMMUNITY'S FIRM SHALL BE REQUIRED TO BE INSTALLED USING METHODS AND PRACTICES THAT MINIMIZE FLOOD DAMAGE. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS REQUIREMENT, MANUFACTURED HOMES MUST BE ELEVATED AND ANCHORED TO RESIST FLOTATION, COLLAPSE, OR LATERAL MOVEMENT. METHODS OF ANCHORING MAY INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO, USE OF OVER-THE-TOP OR FRAME TIES TO GROUND ANCHORS.

2. REQUIRE MANUFACTURED HOMES THAT ARE PLACED OR SUBSTANTIALLY IMPROVED WITHIN UNNUMBERED OR NUMBERED A ZONES, AE, AND AH ZONES, ON THE COMMUNITY'S FIRM ON SITES:

A. OUTSIDE OF MANUFACTURED HOME PARK OR SUBDIVISION;

B. IN A NEW MANUFACTURED HOME PARK OR SUBDIVISION;

C. IN AN EXPANSION TO AN EXISTING MANUFACTURED HOME PARK OR

SUBDIVISION; OR

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D. IN AN EXISTING MANUFACTURED HOME PARK OR SUBDIVISION ON WHICH A MANUFACTURED HOME HAS INCURRED SUBSTANTIAL DAMAGE AS THE RESULT OF A FLOOD.

BE ELEVATED ON A PERMANENT FOUNDATION SUCH THAT THE LOWEST FLOOR OF THE MANUFACTURED HOME IS ELEVATED TO 441 FOOT MEAN SEA LEVEL AND BE SECURELY ATTACHED TO AN ADEQUATELY ANCHORED FOUNDATION SYSTEM TO RESIST FLOTATION, COLLAPSE, AND LATERAL MOVEMENT.

3. REQUIRE THAT MANUFACTURED HOMES TO BE PLACED OR SUBSTANTIALLY IMPROVED ON SITE IN AN EXISTING MANUFACTURED HOME PARK OR SUBDIVISION WITHIN ALL UNNUMBERED AND NUMBERED A ZONES, AE, AND AH ZONES, ON THE COMMUNITY'S FIRM THAT ARE NOT SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF ARTICLE 4, SECTION C(2) OF THIS ORDINANCE, BE ELEVATED SO THAT EITHER:

A. THE LOWEST FLOOR OF THE MANUFACTURED HOME IS 441 FOOT ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL; OR

B. THE MANUFACTURED HOME CHASSIS IS SUPPORTED BY REINFORCED PIERS OR OTHER FOUNDATION ELEMENTS OF AT LEAST EQUIVALENT STRENGTH THAT ARE NO LESS THAN THIRTY-SIX (36) INCHES IN HEIGHT ABOVE GRADE AND BE SECURELY ATTACHED TO AN ADEQUATELY ANCHORED FOUNDATION SYSTEM TO RESIST FLOTATION, COLLAPSE, AND LATERAL MOVEMENT.

SECTION D AREAS OF SHALLOW FLOODING (AO AND AH ZONES)

LOCATED WITHIN THE AREAS OF SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AS DESCRIBED IN ARTICLE 2, SECTION A ARE AREAS DESIGNATED AS AO ZONES. THESE AREAS HAVE SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARDS ASSOCIATED WITH BASE FLOOD DEPTHS OF ONE (1) TO THREE (3) FEET WHERE A CLEARLY DEFINED CHANNEL DOES NOT EXIST AND WHERE THE PATH OF FLOODING IS UNPREDICTABLE AND INDETERMINATE. THE FOLLOWING PROVISIONS APPLY:

1. A0 ZONES

A. ALL NEW CONSTRUCTION AND SUBSTANTIAL IMPROVEMENTS OF RESIDENTIAL STRUCTURES, INCLUDING MANUFACTURED HOMES, SHALL HAVE THE LOWEST FLOOR, INCLUDING BASEMENT, ELEVATED ABOVE THE HIGHEST ADJACENT GRADE AT LEAST AS HIGH AS THE DEPTH NUMBER SPECIFIED IN FEET ON THE

COMMUNITY'S FIRM (AT LEAST TWO (2) FEET IF NO DEPTH NUMBER IS SPECIFIED).

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- B. ALL NEW CONSTRUCTION AND SUBSTANTIAL IMPROVEMENTS OF ANY COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL, OR OTHER NON-RESIDENTIAL STRUCTURES, INCLUDING MANUFACTURED HOMES, SHALL HAVE THE LOWEST FLOOR, INCLUDING BASEMENT, ELEVATED ABOVE THE HIGHEST ADJACENT GRADE AT LEAST AS HIGH AS THE DEPTH NUMBER SPECIFIED IN FEET ON THE COMMUNITY'S FIRM (AT LEAST TWO (2) FEET IF NO DEPTH NUMBER IS SPECIFIED), OR TOGETHER WITH ATTENDANT UTILITIES AND SANITARY FACILITIES BE COMPLETELY FLOODPROOFED TO THAT LEVEL SO THAT THE STRUCTURE IS WATERTIGHT WITH WALLS SUBSTANTIALLY IMPERMEABLE TO THE PASSAGE OF WATER AND WITH STRUCTURAL COMPONENTS HAVING THE CAPABILITY OF RESISTING HYDROSTATIC AND HYDRODYNAMIC LOADS AND EFFECTS OF BUOYANCY.
- C. ADEQUATE DRAINAGE PATHS SHALL BE REQUIRED AROUND STRUCTURES ON SLOPES, IN ORDER TO GUIDE FLOODWATERS AROUND AND AWAY FROM PROPOSED STRUCTURES.

SECTION E FLOODWAY

LOCATED WITHIN AREAS OF SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD ESTABLISHED IN ARTICLE 2, SECTION A ARE AREAS DESIGNATED AS FLOODWAYS. SINCE THE FLOODWAY IS AN EXTREMELY HAZARDOUS AREA DUE TO THE VELOCITY OF FLOOD WATERS THAT CARRY DEBRIS AND POTENTIAL PROJECTILES, THE FOLLOWING PROVISIONS SHALL APPLY;

1. THE COMMUNITY SHALL SELECT AND ADOPT A REGULATORY FLOODWAY BASED ON THE PRINCIPLE THAT THE AREA CHOSEN FOR THE REGULATORY FLOODWAY MUST BE DESIGNED TO CARRY THE WATERS OF THE BASE FLOOD WITHOUT INCREASING THE WATER SURFACE ELEVATION OF THAT FLOOD MORE THAN ONE (1) FOOT AT ANY POINT.
2. THE COMMUNITY SHALL PROHIBIT ANY ENCROACHMENTS, INCLUDING FILL, NEW CONSTRUCTION, SUBSTANTIAL IMPROVEMENTS, AND OTHER DEVELOPMENT WITHIN THE ADOPTED REGULATORY FLOODWAY UNLESS IT HAS BEEN DEMONSTRATED THROUGH HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC ANALYSES PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARD ENGINEERING PRACTICE THAT THE PROPOSED ENCROACHMENT WOULD NOT RESULT IN ANY INCREASE IN FLOOD LEVELS WITHIN THE COMMUNITY DURING THE OCCURRENCE OF THE BASE FLOOD DISCHARGE.

3. IF ARTICLE 4, SECTION E(2) IS SATISFIED, ALL NEW CONSTRUCTION AND SUBSTANTIAL IMPROVEMENTS SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE FLOOD HAZARD REDUCTION PROVISIONS OF ARTICLE

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4. IN UNNUMBERED A ZONES, THE COMMUNITY SHALL OBTAIN, REVIEW, AND REASONABLY UTILIZE ANY BASE FLOOD ELEVATION OR FLOODWAY DATA CURRENTLY AVAILABLE FROM FEDERAL, STATE, OR OTHER SOURCES AS SET FORTH IN ARTICLE 4, SECTION A(2).

ARTICLE 5 FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT VARIANCE PROCEDURES

SECTION A ESTABLISHMENT OF APPEAL BOARD

THE BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT AS ESTABLISHED BY THE CITY OF PORTAGE DES SIOUX SHALL HEAR AND DECIDE APPEALS AND REQUESTS FOR VARIANCES FROM THE FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS OF THIS ORDINANCE.

SECTION B RESPONSIBILITY OF APPEAL BOARD

WHERE AN APPLICATION FOR A FLOODPLAIN DEVELOPMENT PERMIT OR REQUEST FOR A VARIANCE FROM THE FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS IS DENIED BY THE FLOODPLAIN CONTROL OFFICER THE APPLICANT MAY APPLY FOR SUCH FLOODPLAIN DEVELOPMENT PERMIT OR VARIANCE DIRECTLY TO THE APPEAL BOARD, AS DEFINED IN ARTICLE 5, SECTION A.

THE BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT SHALL HEAR AND DECIDE APPEALS WHEN IT IS ALLEGED THAT THERE IS AN ERROR IN ANY REQUIREMENT, DECISION, OR DETERMINATION MADE BY THE FLOODPLAIN CONTROL OFFICER IN THE ENFORCEMENT OR ADMINISTRATION OF THIS ORDINANCE.

SECTION C FURTHER APPEALS

ANY PERSON AGGRIEVED BY THE DECISION OF THE BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT OR ANY TAXPAYER MAY APPEAL SUCH DECISION TO THE CIRCUIT COURT AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 89.110 RSMO.

SECTION D FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT VARIANCE CRITERIA

IN PASSING UPON SUCH APPLICATIONS OR VARIANCES, THE BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT SHALL CONSIDER ALL TECHNICAL DATA AND EVALUATIONS, ALL RELEVANT FACTORS, STANDARDS SPECIFIED IN OTHER SECTIONS OF THIS ORDINANCE, AND THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA:

1. THE DANGER TO LIFE AND PROPERTY DUE TO FLOOD DAMAGE;
2. THE DANGER THAT MATERIALS MAY BE SWEEPED ONTO OTHER LANDS TO

THE INJURY OF OTHERS;

3. THE SUSCEPTIBILITY OF PROPOSED FACILITY AND ITS CONTENTS TO FLOOD DAMAGE AND THE EFFECT OF SUCH DAMAGE ON THE INDIVIDUAL OWNER;

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4. THE IMPORTANCE OF THE SERVICES PROVIDED BY THE PROPOSED FACILITY TO THE COMMUNITY;
5. THE NECESSITY TO THE FACILITY OF A WATERFRONT LOCATION, WHERE APPLICABLE;
6. THE AVAILABILITY OF ALTERNATIVE LOCATIONS, NOT SUBJECT TO FLOOD DAMAGE, FOR THE PROPOSED USE;
7. THE COMPATIBILITY OF THE PROPOSED WITH EXISTING AND ANTICIPATED DEVELOPMENT;
8. THE RELATIONSHIP OF THE PROPOSED USE TO THE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN AND FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT PROGRAM FOR THAT AREA;
9. THE SAFETY OF ACCESS TO THE PROPERTY IN TIMES OF FLOOD FOR ORDINARY AND EMERGENCY VEHICLES;
10. THE EXPECTED HEIGHTS, VELOCITY, DURATION, RATE OF RISE AND SEDIMENT TRANSPORT OF THE FLOOD WATERS, IF APPLICABLE, EXPECTED AT THE SITE; AND
11. THE COSTS OF PROVIDING GOVERNMENTAL SERVICES DURING AND AFTER FLOOD CONDITIONS INCLUDING MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR OF PUBLIC UTILITIES AND FACILITIES SUCH AS SEWER, GAS, ELECTRICAL, AND WATER SYSTEMS, STREETS, AND BRIDGES.

SECTION E CONDITIONS FOR APPROVING FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT VARIANCES

1. GENERALLY, VARIANCES MAY BE ISSUED FOR NEW CONSTRUCTION TO BE ERECTED ON A LOT OF ONE-HALF (1/2) ACRE OR LESS IN SIZE CONTIGUOUS TO AND SURROUNDED BY LOTS WITH EXISTING STRUCTURES CONSTRUCTED BELOW THE BASE FLOOD LEVEL, PROVIDING ITEMS 2 THROUGH 6 BELOW HAVE BEEN FULLY CONSIDERED. AS THE LOT SIZE INCREASES BEYOND THE ONE-HALF (1/2) ACRE, THE TECHNICAL JUSTIFICATION REQUIRED FOR ISSUING THE VARIANCE INCREASES.
2. VARIANCES MAY BE ISSUED FOR THE RECONSTRUCTION, REHABILITATION OR RESTORATION OF STRUCTURES LISTED ON THE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES, THE STATE INVENTORY OF HISTORIC PLACES, OR LOCAL INVENTORY OF HISTORIC PLACES UPON DETERMINATION.

3. VARIANCES SHALL NOT BE ISSUED WITHIN ANY DESIGNATED FLOODWAY IF ANY SIGNIFICANT INCREASE IN FLOOD DISCHARGE WOULD RESULT.

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4. VARIANCES SHALL ONLY BE ISSUED UPON A DETERMINATION THAT THE VARIANCE IS THE MINIMUM NECESSARY, CONSIDERING THE FLOOD HAZARD, TO AFFORD RELIEF.
5. VARIANCES SHALL ONLY BE ISSUED UPON (A) A SHOWING OF GOOD AND SUFFICIENT CAUSE, (B) A DETERMINATION THAT FAILURE TO GRANT THE VARIANCE WOULD RESULT IN EXCEPTIONAL HARDSHIP TO THE APPLICANT, AND (C) A DETERMINATION THAT THE GRANTING OF A VARIANCE WILL NOT RESULT IN INCREASED FLOOD HEIGHTS, ADDITIONAL THREATS TO PUBLIC SAFETY, EXTRAORDINARY PUBLIC EXPENSE, CREATE NUISANCES, CAUSE FRAUD ON OR VICTIMIZATION OF THE PUBLIC, OR CONFLICT WITH EXISTING LOCAL LAWS OR ORDINANCES.
6. A COMMUNITY SHALL NOTIFY THE APPLICANT, IN WRITING, OVER THE SIGNATURE OF A COMMUNITY OFFICIAL THAT (1) THE ISSUANCE OF A VARIANCE TO CONSTRUCT A STRUCTURE BELOW BASE FLOOD LEVEL WILL RESULT IN INCREASED PREMIUM RATES FOR FLOOD INSURANCE UP TO AMOUNTS AS HIGH AS \$25.00 FOR \$100.00 OF INSURANCE COVERAGE AND (2) SUCH CONSTRUCTION BELOW THE BASE LEVEL INCREASES RISKS TO LIFE AND PROPERTY. SUCH NOTIFICATION SHALL BE MAINTAINED WITH THE RECORD OF ALL VARIANCE ACTIONS AS REQUIRED BY THIS ORDINANCE.

SECTION F CONDITIONS FOR APPROVING VARIANCES FOR AGRICULTURAL STRUCTURES

ANY VARIANCE GRANTED FOR AN AGRICULTURAL STRUCTURE SHALL BE DECIDED INDIVIDUALLY BASED ON A CASE BY CASE ANALYSIS OF THE BUILDING'S UNIQUE CIRCUMSTANCES. VARIANCES GRANTED SHALL MEET THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS AS WELL AS THOSE CRITERIA AND CONDITIONS SET FORTH IN ARTICLE 5, SECTIONS D AND E OF THIS ORDINANCE.

IN ORDER TO MINIMIZE FLOOD DAMAGES DURING THE 100 YEAR FLOOD AND THE THREAT TO PUBLIC HEALTH AND SAFETY, THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS SHALL BE INCLUDED FOR ANY VARIANCE ISSUED FOR AGRICULTURAL STRUCTURES THAT ARE CONSTRUCTED AT-GRADE AND WET-FLOODPROOFED.

1. ALL AGRICULTURAL STRUCTURES CONSIDERED FOR VARIANCE FROM THE FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS OF THIS ORDINANCE

SHALL DEMONSTRATE THAT THE VARIED STRUCTURE IS LOCATED IN WIDE, EXPANSIVE FLOODPLAIN AREAS AND NO OTHER ALTERNATE LOCATION OUTSIDE OF THE SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA EXISTS FOR THE AGRICULTURAL STRUCTURE. RESIDENTIAL STRUCTURES, SUCH AS FARM HOUSES, CANNOT BE CONSIDERED AGRICULTURAL STRUCTURES.

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2. USE OF THE VARIED STRUCTURES MUST BE LIMITED TO AGRICULTURAL PURPOSES IN ZONE A ONLY AS IDENTIFIED ON THE COMMUNITY'S FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP (FIRM).
3. FOR ANY NEW OR SUBSTANTIALLY DAMAGED AGRICULTURAL STRUCTURES, THE EXTERIOR AND INTERIOR BUILDING COMPONENTS AND ELEMENTS (I.E., FOUNDATION, WALL FRAMING, EXTERIOR AND INTERIOR FINISHES, FLOORING, ETC.) BELOW THE BASE FLOOD ELEVATION, MUST BE BUILT WITH FLOOD-RESISTANT MATERIALS IN ACCORDANCE WITH ARTICLE 4, SECTION A(4)(B) OF THIS ORDINANCE.
4. THE AGRICULTURAL STRUCTURES MUST BE ADEQUATELY ANCHORED TO PREVENT FLOTATION, COLLAPSE, OR LATERAL MOVEMENT OF THE STRUCTURES IN ACCORDANCE WITH ARTICLE 4, SECTION A(4)(A) OF THIS ORDINANCE. ALL OF THE BUILDING'S STRUCTURAL COMPONENTS MUST BE CAPABLE OF RESISTING SPECIFIC FLOOD-RELATED FORCES INCLUDING HYDROSTATIC, BUOYANCY, AND HYDRODYNAMIC AND DEBRIS IMPACT FORCES.
5. ANY MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL, OR OTHER UTILITY EQUIPMENT MUST BE LOCATED ABOVE THE BASE FLOOD ELEVATION OR FLOODPROOFED SO THAT THEY ARE CONTAINED WITHIN A WATERTIGHT, FLOODPROOFED ENCLOSURE THAT IS CAPABLE OF RESISTING DAMAGE DURING FLOOD CONDITIONS IN ACCORDANCE WITH ARTICLE A, SECTION A(4)(D) OF THIS ORDINANCE.
6. THE AGRICULTURAL STRUCTURES MUST MEET ALL NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM (NFIP) OPENING REQUIREMENTS. THE NFIP REQUIRES THAT ENCLOSURE OR FOUNDATION WALLS, SUBJECT TO THE 100 YEAR FLOOD, CONTAIN OPENINGS THAT WILL PERMIT THE AUTOMATIC ENTRY AND EXIT OF FLOODWATERS IN ACCORDANCE WITH ARTICLE 4, SECTION B(1)(C) OF THIS ORDINANCE.
7. THE AGRICULTURAL STRUCTURES MUST COMPLY WITH THE FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT FLOODWAY ENCROACHMENT PROVISIONS OF ARTICLE 4, SECTION E(2) OF THIS ORDINANCE. NO VARIANCES MAY BE ISSUED FOR AGRICULTURAL STRUCTURES WITHIN ANY DESIGNATED FLOODWAY, IF ANY INCREASE IN FLOOD LEVELS WOULD RESULT DURING THE 100

YEAR FLOOD.

8. MAJOR EQUIPMENT, MACHINERY, OR OTHER CONTENTS MUST BE PROTECTED FROM ANY FLOOD DAMAGE.
9. NO DISASTER RELIEF ASSISTANCE UNDER ANY PROGRAM ADMINISTERED BY ANY FEDERAL AGENCY SHALL BE PAID FOR ANY REPAIR OR RESTORATION COSTS OF THE AGRICULTURAL STRUCTURES.

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10. A COMMUNITY SHALL NOTIFY THE APPLICANT IN WRITING OVER THE SIGNATURE OF A COMMUNITY OFFICIAL THAT (1) THE ISSUANCE OF A VARIANCE TO CONSTRUCT A STRUCTURE BELOW BASE FLOOD LEVEL WILL RESULT IN INCREASED PREMIUM RATES FOR FLOOD INSURANCE UP TO AMOUNTS AS HIGH AS \$25.00 FOR \$100.00 OF INSURANCE COVERAGE AND (2) SUCH CONSTRUCTION BELOW THE BASE FLOOD LEVEL INCREASES RISK TO LIFE AND PROPERTY. SUCH NOTIFICATION SHALL BE MAINTAINED WITH THE RECORD OF ALL VARIANCE ACTIONS AS REQUIRED BY THIS ORDINANCE.
11. WET-FLOODPROOFING CONSTRUCTION TECHNIQUES MUST BE REVIEWED AND APPROVED BY THE COMMUNITY AND A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER OR ARCHITECT PRIOR TO THE ISSUANCE OF ANY FLOODPLAIN DEVELOPMENT PERMIT FOR CONSTRUCTION.

SECTION G CONDITIONS FOR APPROVING VARIANCES FOR ACCESSORY STRUCTURES

ANY VARIANCE GRANTED FOR AN ACCESSORY STRUCTURE SHALL BE DECIDED INDIVIDUALLY, BASED ON A CASE BY CASE ANALYSIS OF THE BUILDING'S UNIQUE CIRCUMSTANCES. VARIANCES GRANTED SHALL MEET THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS AS WELL AS THOSE CRITERIA AND CONDITIONS SET FORTH IN ARTICLE 5, SECTION D AND E OF THIS ORDINANCE.

IN ORDER TO MINIMIZE FLOOD DAMAGES DURING THE 100 YEAR FLOOD AND THE THREAT TO PUBLIC HEALTH AND SAFETY, THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS SHALL BE INCLUDED FOR ANY VARIANCE ISSUED FOR ACCESSORY STRUCTURES THAT ARE CONSTRUCTED AT-GRADE AND WET-FLOODPROOFED.

1. USE OF THE ACCESSORY STRUCTURES MUST BE SOLELY FOR PARKING AND LIMITED STORAGE PURPOSES IN ZONE A ONLY AS IDENTIFIED ON THE COMMUNITY'S FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP (FIRM).
2. FOR ANY NEW OR SUBSTANTIALLY DAMAGED ACCESSORY STRUCTURES, THE EXTERIOR AND INTERIOR BUILDING COMPONENTS AND ELEMENTS (I.E., FOUNDATION, WALL FRAMING, EXTERIOR AND INTERIOR FINISHES, FLOORING, ETC.) BELOW THE BASE FLOOD ELEVATION, MUST BE BUILT WITH FLOOD-RESISTANT MATERIALS IN

ACCORDANCE WITH ARTICLE 4, SECTION A(4) (B) OF THIS ORDINANCE.

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3. THE ACCESSORY STRUCTURES MUST BE ADEQUATELY ANCHORED TO PREVENT FLOTATION, COLLAPSE, OR LATERAL MOVEMENT OF THE STRUCTURES IN ACCORDANCE WITH ARTICLE 4, SECTION A(4) (A) OF THIS ORDINANCE. ALL OF THE BUILDING'S STRUCTURAL COMPONENTS MUST BE CAPABLE OF RESISTING SPECIFIC FLOOD-RELATED FORCES INCLUDING HYDROSTATIC, BUOYANCY, AND HYDRODYNAMIC AND DEBRIS IMPACT FORCES.
4. ANY MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL, OR OTHER UTILITY EQUIPMENT MUST BE LOCATED ABOVE THE BASE FLOOD ELEVATION OR FLOODPROOFED SO THAT THEY ARE CONTAINED WITHIN A WATERTIGHT, FLOODPROOFED ENCLOSURE THAT IS CAPABLE OF RESISTING DAMAGE DURING FLOOD CONDITIONS IN ACCORDANCE WITH ARTICLE A, SECTION A(4) (D) OF THIS ORDINANCE.
5. THE ACCESSORY STRUCTURES MUST MEET ALL NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM (NFIP) OPENING REQUIREMENTS. THE NFIP REQUIRES THAT ENCLOSURE OR FOUNDATION WALLS, SUBJECT TO THE 100 YEAR FLOOD, CONTAIN OPENINGS THAT WILL PERMIT THE AUTOMATIC ENTRY AND EXIT OF FLOODWATERS IN ACCORDANCE WITH ARTICLE 4, SECTION B(1) (C) OF THIS ORDINANCE.
6. THE ACCESSORY STRUCTURES MUST COMPLY WITH THE FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT FLOODWAY ENCROACHMENT PROVISIONS OF ARTICLE 4, SECTION E(2) OF THIS ORDINANCE. NO VARIANCES MAY BE ISSUED FOR AGRICULTURAL STRUCTURES WITHIN ANY DESIGNATED FLOODWAY, IF ANY INCREASE IN FLOOD LEVELS WOULD RESULT DURING THE 100 YEAR FLOOD.
7. EQUIPMENT, MACHINERY, OR OTHER CONTENTS MUST BE PROTECTED FROM ANY FLOOD DAMAGE.
8. NO DISASTER RELIEF ASSISTANCE UNDER ANY PROGRAM ADMINISTERED BY ANY FEDERAL AGENCY SHALL BE PAID FOR ANY REPAIR OR RESTORATION COSTS OF THE ACCESSORY STRUCTURES.
9. A COMMUNITY SHALL NOTIFY THE APPLICANT IN WRITING OVER THE

SIGNATURE OF A COMMUNITY OFFICIAL THAT (1) THE ISSUANCE OF A VARIANCE TO CONSTRUCT A STRUCTURE BELOW BASE FLOOD LEVEL WILL RESULT IN INCREASED PREMIUM RATES FOR FLOOD INSURANCE UP TO AMOUNTS AS HIGH AS \$25.00 FOR \$100.00 OF INSURANCE COVERAGE AND (2) SUCH CONSTRUCTION BELOW THE BASE FLOOD LEVEL INCREASES RISK TO LIFE AND PROPERTY. SUCH NOTIFICATION SHALL BE MAINTAINED WITH THE RECORD OF ALL VARIANCE ACTIONS AS REQUIRED BY THIS ORDINANCE.

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10. WET-FLOODPROOFING CONSTRUCTION TECHNIQUES MUST BE REVIEWED AND APPROVED BY THE COMMUNITY AND A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER OR ARCHITECT PRIOR TO THE ISSUANCE OF ANY FLOODPLAIN DEVELOPMENT PERMIT FOR CONSTRUCTION.

ARTICLE 6 PENALTIES FOR VIOLATION

VIOLATION OF THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ORDINANCE OR FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH ANY OF ITS REQUIREMENTS (INCLUDING VIOLATIONS OF CONDITIONS AND SAFEGUARDS ESTABLISHED IN CONNECTION WITH GRANTING OF VARIANCES) SHALL CONSTITUTE A MISDEMEANOR. ANY PERSON WHO VIOLATES THIS ORDINANCE OR FAILS TO COMPLY WITH ANY OF ITS REQUIREMENTS SHALL, UPON CONVICTION, THEREOF, BE FINED NOT MORE THAN \$1,000.00, AND IN ADDITION, SHALL PAY ALL COSTS AND EXPENSES INVOLVED IN THE CASE. EACH DAY SUCH VIOLATION CONTINUES SHALL BE CONSIDERED A SEPARATE OFFENSE. NOTHING HEREIN CONTAINED SHALL PREVENT THE CITY OF PORTAGE DES SIOUX OR OTHER APPROPRIATE AUTHORITY FROM TAKING SUCH OTHER LAWFUL ACTION AS IS NECESSARY TO PREVENT OR REMEDY ANY VIOLATION.

ARTICLE 7 AMENDMENTS

1. THE REGULATIONS, RESTRICTIONS, AND BOUNDARIES SET FORTH IN THIS ORDINANCE MAY FROM TIME TO TIME BE AMENDED, SUPPLEMENTED, CHANGED, OR APPEALED TO REFLECT ANY AND ALL CHANGES IN THE NATIONAL FLOOD DISASTER PROTECTION ACT OF 1973, PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT NO SUCH ACTION MAY BE TAKEN UNTIL AFTER A PUBLIC HEARING IN RELATION THERETO, AT WHICH PARTIES OF INTEREST AND CITIZENS SHALL HAVE AN OPPORTUNITY TO BE HEARD. NOTICE OF THE TIME AND PLACE OF SUCH HEARING SHALL BE PUBLISHED IN A NEWSPAPER OF GENERAL CIRCULATION IN THE CITY OF PORTAGE DES SIOUX, MISSOURI. AT LEAST TWENTY (20) DAYS SHALL ELAPSE BETWEEN THE DATE OF THIS PUBLICATION AND THE PUBLIC HEARING. A COPY OF SUCH AMENDMENTS WILL BE PROVIDED TO THE REGION VII OFFICE OF THE FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY (FEMA). THE REGULATIONS OF THIS ORDINANCE

ARE IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM (NFIP) REGULATIONS.

2. ALL ORDINANCES, SECTIONS, OR PARTS OF PREVIOUS ORDINANCES IN CONFLICT WITH THIS ORDINANCE ARE HEREBY REPEALED.

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ARTICLE 8 DEFINITIONS

UNLESS SPECIFICALLY DEFINED BELOW, WORDS OR PHRASES USED IN THIS ORDINANCE SHALL BE INTERPRETED SO AS TO GIVE THEM THE SAME MEANING THEY HAVE IN COMMON USAGE AND TO GIVE THIS ORDINANCE ITS MOST REASONABLE APPLICATION.

"100 YEAR FLOOD" SEE "BASE FLOOD"

"ACCESSORY STRUCTURE" MEANS THE SAME AS "APPURTENANT STRUCTURE"

"ACTUARIAL RATES" SEE "RISK PREMIUM RATES"

"ADMINISTRATOR" MEANS THE FEDERAL INSURANCE ADMINISTRATOR

"AGENCY" MEANS THE FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY (FEMA)

"AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES" MEANS AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS AND LIVESTOCK.

"AGRICULTURAL STRUCTURES" MEANS ANY STRUCTURE USED EXCLUSIVELY IN CONNECTION WITH THE PRODUCTION, HARVESTING, STORAGE, DRYING, OR RAISING OF AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES.

"APPEAL" MEANS A REQUEST FOR A REVIEW OF THE FLOODPLAIN ADMINISTRATOR'S INTERPRETATION OF ANY PROVISION OF THIS ORDINANCE OR A REQUEST FOR A VARIANCE.

"APPURTENANT STRUCTURE" MEANS A STRUCTURE THAT IS ON THE SAME PARCEL OF PROPERTY AS THE PRINCIPLE STRUCTURE TO BE INSURED AND THE USE OF WHICH IS INCIDENTAL TO THE USE OF THE PRINCIPAL STRUCTURE.

"AREA OF SHALLOW FLOODING" MEANS A DESIGNATED AO OR AH ZONE ON A COMMUNITY'S FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP (FIRM) WITH A ONE PERCENT (1%) OR GREATER ANNUAL CHANCE OF FLOODING TO AN AVERAGE DEPTH OF ONE (1) TO THREE (3) FEET WHERE A CLEARLY DEFINED CHANNEL DOES

NOT EXIST, WHERE THE PATH OF FLOODING IS UNPREDICTABLE AND WHERE THE VELOCITY FLOW MAY BE EVIDENT. SUCH FLOODING IS CHARACTERIZED BY PONDING OR SHEET FLOW.

"AREA OF SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD" IS THE LAND IN THE FLOODPLAIN WITHIN A COMMUNITY SUBJECT TO A ONE PERCENT (1%) OR GREATER CHANCE OF FLOODING IN ANY GIVEN YEAR.

"BASE FLOOD" MEANS THE FLOOD HAVING A ONE PERCENT (1%) CHANCE OF BEING EQUALED OR EXCEEDED IN ANY GIVEN YEAR.

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"BASEMENT" MEANS ANY AREA OF THE STRUCTURE HAVING ITS FLOOR SUBGRADE (BELOW GROUND LEVEL) ON ALL SIDES.

"BUILDING" SEE "STRUCTURE"

"CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER" OR **"CHIEF ELECTED OFFICIAL"** MEANS THE OFFICIAL OF THE COMMUNITY WHO IS CHARGED WITH THE AUTHORITY TO IMPLEMENT AND ADMINISTER LAWS, ORDINANCES, AND REGULATIONS FOR THAT COMMUNITY.

"COMMUNITY" MEANS ANY STATE OR AREA OR POLITICAL SUBDIVISION THEREOF, WHICH HAS AUTHORITY TO ADOPT AND ENFORCE FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS FOR THE AREAS WITHIN ITS JURISDICTION.

"DEVELOPMENT" MEANS ANY MAN-MADE CHANGE TO IMPROVED OR UNIMPROVED REAL ESTATE, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO BUILDINGS OR OTHER STRUCTURES, LEVEES, LEVEE SYSTEMS, MINING, DREDGING, FILLING, GRADING, PAVING, EXCAVATION OR DRILLING OPERATIONS OR STORAGE OF EQUIPMENT OR MATERIALS.

"ELEVATED BUILDING" MEANS FOR INSURANCE PURPOSES, A NON-BASEMENT BUILDING WHICH HAS ITS LOWEST ELEVATED FLOOR RAISED ABOVE GROUND LEVEL BY FOUNDATION WALLS, SHEAR WALLS, POSTS, PIERS, PILINGS, OR COLUMNS.

"ELIGIBLE COMMUNITY" OR **"PARTICIPATING COMMUNITY"** MEANS A COMMUNITY FOR WHICH THE ADMINISTRATOR HAS AUTHORIZED THE SALE OF FLOOD INSURANCE UNDER THE NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM (NFIP).

"EXISTING CONSTRUCTION" MEANS FOR THE PURPOSES OF DETERMINING RATES, STRUCTURES FOR WHICH THE "START OF CONSTRUCTION" COMMENCED BEFORE THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE FIRM OR BEFORE JANUARY 1, 1975, FOR FIRM'S EFFECTIVE BEFORE THAT DATE. "EXISTING CONSTRUCTION" MAY ALSO BE REFERRED TO AS "EXISTING STRUCTURES".

"EXISTING MANUFACTURED HOME PARK OR SUBDIVISION" MEANS A MANUFACTURED HOME PARK OR SUBDIVISION FOR WHICH THE CONSTRUCTION OF FACILITIES FOR SERVICING THE LOTS ON WHICH THE MANUFACTURED HOMES ARE TO BE AFFIXED (INCLUDING, AT A MINIMUM, THE INSTALLATION OF UTILITIES, THE CONSTRUCTION OF STREETS, AND EITHER FINAL SITE GRADING OR THE POURING OF CONCRETE PADS) IS COMPLETED BEFORE THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS ADOPTED BY A COMMUNITY.

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"EXPANSION TO AN EXISTING MANUFACTURED HOME PARK OR SUBDIVISION" MEANS THE PREPARATION OF ADDITIONAL SITES BY THE CONSTRUCTION OF FACILITIES FOR SERVICING THE LOTS ON WHICH THE MANUFACTURED HOMES ARE TO BE AFFIXED (INCLUDING THE INSTALLATION OF UTILITIES, THE CONSTRUCTION OF STREETS, AND EITHER FINAL SITE GRADING OR THE POURING OF CONCRETE PADS).

"FLOOD" OR **"FLOODING"** MEANS A GENERAL AND TEMPORARY CONDITION OF PARTIAL OR COMPLETE INUNDATION OF NORMALLY DRY LAND AREAS FROM (1) THE OVERFLOW OF INLAND AND/OR (2) THE UNUSUAL AND RAPID ACCUMULATION OR RUNOFF OF SURFACE WATERS FROM ANY SOURCE.

"FLOOD BOUNDARY AND FLOODWAY MAP (FBFM)" MEANS AN OFFICIAL MAP OF A COMMUNITY, ON WHICH THE ADMINISTRATOR HAS DELINEATED BOTH SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS AND THE DESIGNATED REGULATORY FLOODWAY.

"FLOOD ELEVATION DETERMINATION" MEANS A DETERMINATION BY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE WATER SURFACE ELEVATIONS OF THE BASE FLOOD, THAT IS, THE FLOOD LEVEL THAT HAS A ONE PERCENT OR GREATER CHANCE OF OCCURRENCE IN ANY GIVEN YEAR.

"FLOOD ELEVATION STUDY" MEANS AN EXAMINATION, EVALUATION AND DETERMINATION OF FLOOD HAZARDS.

"FLOOD FRINGE" MEANS THE AREA OUTSIDE THE FLOODWAY ENCROACHMENT LINES, BUT STILL SUBJECT TO INUNDATION BY THE REGULATORY FLOOD.

"FLOOD HAZARD BOUNDARY MAP (FHBM)" MEANS AN OFFICIAL MAP OF A COMMUNITY, ISSUED BY THE ADMINISTRATOR, WHERE THE BOUNDARIES OF THE FLOOD AREAS HAVING SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARDS HAVE BEEN DESIGNATED AS (UNNUMBERED OR NUMBERED) A ZONES.

"FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP (FIRM)" MEANS AN OFFICIAL MAP OF A COMMUNITY, ON WHICH THE ADMINISTRATOR HAS DELINEATED BOTH THE

SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS AND THE RISK PREMIUM ZONES APPLICABLE TO THE COMMUNITY.

"FLOOD INSURANCE STUDY (FIS)" MEANS AN EXAMINATION, EVALUATION AND DETERMINATION OF FLOOD HAZARDS AND, IF APPROPRIATE, CORRESPONDING WATER SURFACE ELEVATIONS.

"FLOODPLAIN" OR **"FLOOD-PRONE AREA"** MEANS ANY LAND AREA SUSCEPTIBLE TO BEING INUNDATED BY WATER FROM ANY SOURCE (SEE "FLOODING").

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"FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT" MEANS THE OPERATION OF AN OVERALL PROGRAM OF CORRECTIVE AND PREVENTIVE MEASURES FOR REDUCING FLOOD DAMAGE, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS PLANS, FLOOD CONTROL WORKS, AND FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS.

"FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS" MEANS ZONING ORDINANCES, SUBDIVISION REGULATIONS, BUILDING CODES, HEALTH REGULATIONS, SPECIAL PURPOSE ORDINANCES (SUCH AS FLOODPLAIN AND GRADING ORDINANCES) AND OTHER APPLICATIONS OF POLICE POWER. THE TERM DESCRIBES SUCH STATE OR LOCAL REGULATIONS, IN ANY COMBINATION THEREOF, THAT PROVIDE STANDARDS FOR THE PURPOSE OF FLOOD DAMAGE PREVENTION AND REDUCTION.

"FLOODPROOFING" MEANS ANY COMBINATION OF STRUCTURAL AND NONSTRUCTURAL ADDITIONS, CHANGES, OR ADJUSTMENTS TO STRUCTURES THAT REDUCE OR ELIMINATE FLOOD DAMAGE TO REAL ESTATE OR IMPROVED REAL PROPERTY, WATER AND SANITARY FACILITIES, OR STRUCTURES AND THEIR CONTENTS.

"FLOODWAY" OR **"REGULATORY FLOODWAY"** MEANS THE CHANNEL OF A RIVER OR OTHER WATERCOURSE AND ADJACENT LAND AREAS THAT MUST BE RESERVED IN ORDER TO DISCHARGE THE BASE FLOOD WITHOUT CUMULATIVELY INCREASING THE WATER SURFACE ELEVATION MORE THAN ONE (1) FOOT.

"FLOODWAY ENCROACHMENT LINES" MEANS THE LINES MARKING THE LIMITS OF FLOODWAYS ON FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL FLOODPLAIN MAPS.

"FREEBOARD" MEANS A FACTOR OF SAFETY USUALLY EXPRESSED IN FEET ABOVE A FLOOD LEVEL FOR PURPOSES OF FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT. "FREEBOARD" TENDS TO COMPENSATE FOR THE MANY UNKNOWN FACTORS THAT COULD CONTRIBUTE TO FLOOD HEIGHTS GREATER THAN THE HEIGHT CALCULATED FOR A SELECTED SIZE FLOOD AND FLOODWAY CONDITIONS, SUCH AS BRIDGE OPENINGS, AND THE HYDROLOGICAL EFFECT OF

URBANIZATION OF THE WATERSHED.

"FUNCTIONAL DEPENDENT USE" MEANS A USE THAT CANNOT PERFORM ITS INTENDED PURPOSE UNLESS IT IS LOCATED OR CARRIED OUT IN CLOSE PROXIMITY TO WATER. THIS TERM INCLUDES ONLY DOCKING FACILITIES AND FACILITIES THAT ARE NECESSARY FOR THE LOADING AND UNLOADING OF CARGO OR PASSENGERS, BUT DOES NOT INCLUDE LONG-TERM STORAGE OR RELATED MANUFACTURING FACILITIES.

"HIGHEST ADJACENT GRADE" MEANS THE HIGHEST NATURAL ELEVATION OF THE GROUND SURFACE PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION NEXT TO THE PROPOSED WALLS OF A STRUCTURE.

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"HISTORIC STRUCTURE" MEANS ANY STRUCTURE THAT IS (A) LISTED INDIVIDUALLY IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES (A LISTING MAINTAINED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR) OR PRELIMINARILY DETERMINED BY THE SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR AS MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS FOR INDIVIDUAL LISTING ON THE NATIONAL REGISTER; (B) CERTIFIED OR PRELIMINARILY DETERMINED BY THE SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR AS CONTRIBUTING TO THE HISTORICAL SIGNIFICANCE OF A REGISTERED HISTORIC DISTRICT OR A DISTRICT PRELIMINARILY DETERMINED BY THE SECRETARY TO QUALIFY AS A REGISTERED HISTORIC DISTRICT; (C) INDIVIDUALLY LISTED ON A STATE INVENTORY OF HISTORIC PLACES IN STATES WITH HISTORIC PRESERVATION PROGRAMS WHICH HAVE BEEN APPROVED BY THE SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR; OR (D) INDIVIDUALLY LISTED ON A LOCAL INVENTORY OF HISTORIC PLACES IN COMMUNITIES WITH HISTORIC PRESERVATION PROGRAMS THAT HAVE BEEN CERTIFIED EITHER: (1) BY AN APPROVED STATE PROGRAM AS DETERMINED BY THE SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR OR (2) DIRECTLY BY THE SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR IN STATES WITHOUT APPROVED PROGRAMS.

"LOWEST FLOOR" MEANS THE LOWEST FLOOR OF THE LOWEST ENCLOSED AREA, INCLUDING BASEMENT. AN UNFINISHED OR FLOOD RESISTANT ENCLOSURE, USABLE SOLELY FOR PARKING OF VEHICLES, BUILDING ACCESS OR STORAGE, IN AN AREA OTHER THAN A BASEMENT AREA, IS NOT CONSIDERED A BUILDING'S LOWEST FLOOR, PROVIDED THAT SUCH ENCLOSURE IS NOT BUILT SO AS TO RENDER THE STRUCTURE IN VIOLATION OF THE APPLICABLE FLOODPROOFING DESIGN REQUIREMENTS OF THIS ORDINANCE.

"MANUFACTURED HOME" MEANS A STRUCTURE, TRANSPORTABLE IN ONE OR MORE SECTIONS, WHICH IS BUILT ON A PERMANENT CHASSIS AND IS DESIGNED FOR USE WITH OR WITHOUT A PERMANENT FOUNDATION WHEN ATTACHED TO THE REQUIRED UTILITIES. THE TERM "MANUFACTURED HOME" DOES NOT INCLUDE "RECREATIONAL VEHICLE".

"MANUFACTURED HOME PARK OR SUBDIVISION" MEANS A PARCEL (OR CONTIGUOUS PARCELS) OF LAND DIVIDED INTO TWO OR MORE MANUFACTURED HOME LOTS FOR RENT OR SALE.

"MAP" MEANS THE FLOOD HAZARD BOUNDARY MAP (FHBM), FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP (FIRM), OR THE FLOOD BOUNDARY AND FLOODWAY MAP (FBFM) FOR A COMMUNITY ISSUED BY THE FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY (FEMA).

"MARKET VALUE" OR **"FAIR MARKET VALUE"** MEANS AN ESTIMATE OF WHAT IS FAIR, ECONOMIC, JUST AND EQUITABLE VALUE UNDER NORMAL LOCAL MARKET CONDITIONS.

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"MEAN SEA LEVEL" MEANS, FOR PURPOSES OF THE NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM (NFIP), THE NATIONAL GEODETIC VERTICAL DATUM (NGVD) OF 1929 OR OTHER DATUM, TO WHICH BASE FLOOD ELEVATIONS SHOWN ON A COMMUNITY'S FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP (FIRM) ARE REFERENCED.

"NEW CONSTRUCTION" MEANS, FOR THE PURPOSE OF DETERMINING INSURANCE RATES, STRUCTURES FOR WHICH THE "START OF CONSTRUCTION" COMMENCED ON OR AFTER THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF AN INITIAL FIRM OR AFTER DECEMBER 31, 1974, WHICHEVER IS LATER, AND INCLUDES ANY SUBSEQUENT IMPROVEMENTS TO SUCH STRUCTURES. FOR FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT PURPOSES, "NEW CONSTRUCTION" MEANS STRUCTURES FOR WHICH THE "START OF CONSTRUCTION" COMMENCED ON OR AFTER THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT REGULATION ADOPTED BY A COMMUNITY AND INCLUDES ANY SUBSEQUENT IMPROVEMENTS TO SUCH STRUCTURES.

"NEW MANUFACTURED HOME PARK OR SUBDIVISION" MEANS A MANUFACTURED HOME PARK OR SUBDIVISION FOR WHICH THE CONSTRUCTION OF FACILITIES FOR SERVICING THE LOT ON WHICH THE MANUFACTURED HOMES ARE TO BE AFFIXED (INCLUDING AT A MINIMUM, THE INSTALLATION OF UTILITIES, THE CONSTRUCTION OF STREETS, AND EITHER FINAL SITE GRADING OR THE POURING OF CONCRETE PADS) IS COMPLETED ON OR AFTER THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS ADOPTED BY THE COMMUNITY.

"(NFIP)" MEANS THE NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM (NFIP).

"PARTICIPATING COMMUNITY" ALSO KNOWN AS "ELIGIBLE COMMUNITY", MEANS A COMMUNITY IN WHICH THE ADMINISTRATOR HAS AUTHORIZED THE SALE OF FLOOD INSURANCE.

"PERSON" INCLUDES ANY INDIVIDUAL OR GROUP OF INDIVIDUALS,

CORPORATION, PARTNERSHIP, ASSOCIATION, OR ANY OTHER ENTITY, INCLUDING FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND AGENCIES.

"PRINCIPALLY ABOVE GROUND" MEANS THAT AT LEAST 51 PERCENT (51%) OF THE ACTUAL CASH VALUE OF THE STRUCTURE, LESS LAND VALUE, IS ABOVE GROUND.

"RECREATIONAL VEHICLE" MEANS A VEHICLE WHICH IS (A) BUILT ON A SINGLE CHASSIS; (B) 400 SQUARE FEET OR LESS WHEN MEASURED AT THE LARGEST HORIZONTAL PROJECTIONS; (C) DESIGNED TO BE SELF-PROPELLED OR PERMANENTLY TOWABLE BY A LIGHT DUTY TRUCK; AND (D) DESIGNED PRIMARILY NOT FOR USE AS A PERMANENT DWELLING BUT AS TEMPORARY LIVING QUARTERS FOR RECREATIONAL, CAMPING, TRAVEL, OR SEASONAL USE.

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"REMEDY A VIOLATION" MEANS TO BRING THE STRUCTURE OR OTHER DEVELOPMENT INTO COMPLIANCE WITH FEDERAL, STATE, OR LOCAL FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS; OR, IF THIS IS NOT POSSIBLE, TO REDUCE THE IMPACTS OF ITS NONCOMPLIANCE.

"RISK PREMIUM RATES" MEAN THOSE RATES ESTABLISHED BY THE ADMINISTRATOR PURSUANT TO INDIVIDUAL COMMUNITY STUDIES AND INVESTIGATIONS WHICH ARE UNDERTAKEN TO PROVIDE FLOOD INSURANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 1307 OF THE NATIONAL FLOOD DISASTER PROTECTION ACT OF 1973 AND THE ACCEPTED ACTUARIAL PRINCIPLES. "RISK PREMIUM RATES" INCLUDE PROVISIONS FOR OPERATING COSTS AND ALLOWANCES.

"SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA" SEE "AREA OF SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD".

"SPECIAL HAZARD AREA" MEANS AN AREA HAVING SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARDS AND SHOWN ON AN FHBM, FIRM OR FBFM AS ZONES (UNNUMBERED OR NUMBERED) A, AO, AE, OR AH.

"START OF CONSTRUCTION" INCLUDES SUBSTANTIAL IMPROVEMENTS, AND MEANS THE DATE THE BUILDING PERMIT WAS ISSUED, PROVIDED THE ACTUAL START OF CONSTRUCTION, REPAIR, RECONSTRUCTION, REHABILITATION, ADDITION PLACEMENT, OR OTHER IMPROVEMENTS WERE WITHIN 180 DAYS OF THE PERMIT DATE. THE **ACTUAL START** MEANS EITHER THE FIRST PLACEMENT OF PERMANENT CONSTRUCTION OF A STRUCTURE ON A SITE, SUCH AS THE POURING OF SLABS OR FOOTINGS, THE INSTALLATION OF PILES, THE CONSTRUCTION OF COLUMNS, ANY WORK BEYOND THE STAGE OF EXCAVATION, OR THE PLACEMENT OF A MANUFACTURED HOME ON A FOUNDATION. PERMANENT CONSTRUCTION DOES NOT INCLUDE LAND PREPARATION, SUCH AS CLEARING, GRADING AND FILLING, THE INSTALLATION OF STREETS AND/OR WALKWAYS, EXCAVATION FOR A BASEMENT, FOOTINGS, PIERS, OR FOUNDATIONS, THE ERECTION OF

TEMPORARY FORMS, NOR INSTALLATION ON THE PROPERTY OF ACCESSORY BUILDINGS, SUCH AS GARAGES OR SHEDS NOT OCCUPIED AS DWELLING UNITS OR NOT PART OF THE MAIN STRUCTURE. FOR A SUBSTANTIAL IMPROVEMENT, THE **ACTUAL START OF CONSTRUCTION** MEANS THE FIRST ALTERATION OF ANY WALL, CEILING, FLOOR, OR OTHER STRUCTURAL PART OF A BUILDING, WHETHER OR NOT THAT ALTERATION AFFECTS THE EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS OF THE BUILDING.

"STATE COORDINATING AGENCY" MEANS THAT AGENCY OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT, OR OTHER OFFICE DESIGNATED BY THE GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OR BY STATE STATUTE AT THE REQUEST OF THE ADMINISTRATOR TO ASSIST IN THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM (NFIP) IN THAT STATE.

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"STRUCTURE" MEANS, FOR FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT PURPOSES, A WALLED AN ROOFED BUILDING, INCLUDING A GAS OR LIQUID STORAGE TANK, THAT IS PRINCIPALLY ABOVE GROUND, AS WELL AS MANUFACTURED HOME.

"STRUCTURE" FOR INSURANCE PURPOSES, MEANS A WALLED AND ROOFED BUILDING, OTHER THAN A GAS OR LIQUID STORAGE TANK, THAT IS PRINCIPALLY ABOVE GROUND AND AFFIXED TO A PERMANENT SITE, AS WELL AS A MANUFACTURED HOME ON A PERMANENT FOUNDATION. FOR THE LATTER PURPOSE, THE TERM INCLUDES A BUILDING WHILE IN THE COURSE OF CONSTRUCTION, ALTERATION OR REPAIR, BUT DOES NOT INCLUDE BUILDING MATERIALS OR SUPPLIES INTENDED FOR USE IN SUCH CONSTRUCTION, ALTERATION OR REPAIR, UNLESS SUCH MATERIALS OR SUPPLIES ARE WITHIN AN ENCLOSED BUILDING ON THE PREMISES.

"SUBSTANTIAL DAMAGE" MEANS DAMAGE OF ANY ORIGIN SUSTAINED BY A STRUCTURE WHEREBY THE COST OF RESTORING THE STRUCTURE TO ITS PRE-DAMAGED CONDITION WOULD EQUAL OR EXCEED FIFTY PERCENT (50%) OF THE MARKET VALUE OF THE STRUCTURE BEFORE THE DAMAGE OCCURRED.

"SUBSTANTIAL IMPROVEMENT" MEANS ANY RECONSTRUCTION, REHABILITATION, ADDITION, OR OTHER IMPROVEMENT OF A STRUCTURE, THE COST OF WHICH EQUALS OR EXCEEDS FIFTY PERCENT (50%) OF THE MARKET VALUE OF THE STRUCTURE BEFORE "START OF CONSTRUCTION" OF THE IMPROVEMENT. THIS TERM INCLUDES STRUCTURES WHICH HAVE INCURRED "SUBSTANTIAL DAMAGE", REGARDLESS OF THE ACTUAL REPAIR WORK PERFORMED. THE TERM DOES NOT, HOWEVER, INCLUDE EITHER (1) ANY PROJECT FOR IMPROVEMENT OF A STRUCTURE TO CORRECT EXISTING VIOLATIONS OF STATE OR LOCAL HEALTH, SANITARY, OR SAFETY CODE SPECIFICATIONS WHICH HAVE BEEN IDENTIFIED BY THE LOCAL CODE ENFORCEMENT OFFICIAL AND WHICH ARE THE MINIMUM NECESSARY TO ASSURE SAFE LIVING CONDITIONS, OR (2) ANY ALTERATION OF A "HISTORIC STRUCTURE", PROVIDED THAT THE ALTERATION WILL NOT

PRECLUDE THE STRUCTURE'S CONTINUED DESIGNATION AS A "HISTORIC STRUCTURE".

"TEMPORARY STRUCTURE" MEANS A STRUCTURE PERMITTED IN A DISTRICT FOR A PERIOD NOT TO EXCEED 180 DAYS AND IS REQUIRED TO BE REMOVED UPON THE EXPIRATION OF THE PERMIT PERIOD. TEMPORARY STRUCTURES MAY INCLUDE RECREATIONAL VEHICLES, TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION OFFICES, OR TEMPORARY BUSINESS FACILITIES USED UNTIL PERMANENT FACILITIES CAN BE CONSTRUCTED, **BUT AT NO TIME SHALL IT INCLUDE MANUFACTURED HOMES USED AS RESIDENCES.**

"VARIANCE" MEANS A GRANT OF RELIEF BY THE COMMUNITY FROM THE TERMS OF A FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT REGULATION. FLOOD INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS REMAIN IN PLACE FOR ANY VARIED USE OR STRUCTURE AND CANNOT BE VARIED BY THE COMMUNITY.

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"VIOLATION" MEANS THE FAILURE OF A STRUCTURE OR OTHER DEVELOPMENT TO BE FULLY COMPLIANT WITH THE COMMUNITY'S FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS. A STRUCTURE OR OTHER DEVELOPMENT WITHOUT THE ELEVATION CERTIFICATE, OTHER CERTIFICATIONS, OR OTHER EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THIS ORDINANCE IS PRESUMED TO BE IN VIOLATION UNTIL SUCH TIME AS THAT DOCUMENTATION IS PROVIDED.

"WATER SURFACE ELEVATION" MEANS THE HEIGHT, IN RELATION TO THE NATIONAL GEODETIC VERTICAL DATUM (NGVD) OF 1929 (OR OTHER DATUM WHERE SPECIFIED) OF FLOODS OF VARIOUS MAGNITUDES AND FREQUENCIES IN THE FLOODPLAIN.

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THIS ORDINANCE SHALL TAKE EFFECT AND BE IN FULL FORCE FROM AND AFTER ITS PASSAGE AND APPROVAL BY THE MAYOR AND THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN. THIS ORDINANCE HAS RECEIVED ALL OF THE REQUIRED READINGS AT THE SAME MEETING AT WHICH THE BILL IS INTRODUCED, SO THAT IT CAN BE PASSED AT ONE MEETING. THIS ORDINANCE IS PRIMA FACIE, DEEMED AN EMERGENCY ORDINANCE BECAUSE IT ALLOWS THE ALDERMEN TO TAKE IMMEDIATE STEPS TO PREVENT OR TO REMEDY CONDITIONS OR SITUATIONS WHICH ARE OF SUCH A NATURE THAT IT DEMANDS ATTENTION AND TO POSTPONE ACTION WOULD RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEMAND TO THE PEOPLE, THE GOVERNMENT, OR THE MUNICIPALITY. THE PUBLIC URGENCY CONSTITUTING THE EMERGENCY INVOLVES THE PRESERVATION OF THE PUBLIC PEACE, HEALTH, SAFETY, AND WELFARE.

Passed and approved this 1st day of December, 1997.

Mayor Mark D. Warner

Attest: _____
City Clerk - Suzie A. Cissell

City Seal

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